

pihole

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Blocklists

<https://www.technoy.de/lists/blocklists-fuer-pihole/>

docker-compose (1)

version: "3"

#WebUI ohne Password: in Containerconsole diesen Befehl eingeben: pihole -a -p

More info at <https://github.com/pi-hole/docker-pi-hole/> and <https://docs.pi-hole.net/>

services:

pihole:

container_name: pihole

image: pihole/pihole:latest

For DHCP it is recommended to remove these ports and instead add: network_mode: "host"

network_mode: host

ports:

- "53:53/tcp"

- "53:53/udp"

- "67:67/udp" # Only required if you are using Pi-hole as your DHCP server

- "80:80/tcp"

environment:

TZ: 'Europe/Berlin'

#TZ: 'America/Chicago'

WEBPASSWORD: 'set a secure password here or it will be random'

Volumes store your data between container upgrades

volumes:

- './etc-pihole:/etc/pihole'

- './etc-dnsmasq.d:/etc/dnsmasq.d'

<https://github.com/pi-hole/docker-pi-hole#note-on-capabilities>

cap_add:

- NET_ADMIN # Required if you are using Pi-hole as your DHCP server, else not needed

restart: unless-stopped

enable IPv6 (Docker)

/etc/docker/daemon.json

```
{ "ipv6": true, "fixed-cidr-v6": "2001:db8:1::100/64", }
```

Console:

```
$ ip -6 route add 2001:db8:1::/64 dev docker0
```

```
$ sysctl net.ipv6.conf.default.forwarding=1
```

```
sysctl net.ipv6.conf.all.forwarding=1
```

```
service docker stop
```

```
service docker start
```

```
docker network create --driver bridge --ipv6 --subnet=2a01:4f8:a:b:c::/80 ipv6
```

```
docker run --rm -t --network ipv6 --ip6 '2a01:4f8:a:b:c::5' busybox ping6 -c 4 goggle.com
```

hmm, mal testen: <https://github.com/robbertkl/docker-ipv6nat#docker-container>

port 53 is already in use

Update: What to do if port 53 is already in use

When the Port 53 is already in Use, you can check this with this command (ubuntu):

Port 53 is being used at your host machine, that's why you can not bind 53 to host.

To find what is using port 53 you can do: `sudo lsof -i -P -n | grep LISTEN`

I'm a 99.9% sure that systemd-resolved is what is listening to port 53.

To solve that you need to edit the `/etc/systemd/resolved.conf` and uncomment `DNSStubListener` and change it to no, so it looks like this: `DNSStubListener=no`

After that reboot your system or restart the service with `service systemd-resolved restart`

DNS-Wildcard

Login to your pi-hole and go to `/etc/dnsmasq.d/`

Create a new file, lets call it `02-my-wildcard-dns.conf`

Edit the file, and add a line like this:

```
address=/mydomain.lab/192.168.1.20
```

Save the file, and exit the editor

Run the command: `service pihole-FTL restart`